

2008 Farm Bill Conservation Programs

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Farm Bill Conservation Title II

- Conservation Compliance 1985
 - Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)
- Wetlands Reserve Program (WRP) 1990
- Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) 1996 Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program (WHIP)
- Conservation Security Program (CSP) 2002 Grassland Reserve Program (GRP) Farm & Ranchland Protection Program (FRPP)
- 2008 Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) Agricultural Water Enhancement Program (AWEP) Cooperative Conservation Partnership Initiative

Environmental Quality Incentives Program

- Funding is targeted to a broad range of resource concerns established through a public input process.
- Part of the emphasis of EQIP is to help farmers and ranchers comply with environmental regulations through voluntary conservation.
- Includes national, state and local priorities:
 - Nationally: Chief of the NRCS solicits recommendations from agriculture and environmental groups.
 - State: NRCS State Conservationist solicits recommendations from the State Technical Advisory Committee.
 - Locally: NRCS District Conservationist solicits
 recommendations from the Local Working Group.
 - Good opportunity for Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program coordinators to collaborate to identify priority projects



Environmental Quality Incentives Program

- From this collaboration, NRCS allocates funds to address resource-based concerns on private agricultural operations:
 - Rangeland health
 - Water conservation
 - Agricultural Water Quality
 - Soil erosion
 - Dairy water quality
 - Soil health
 - Forest health
 - Air quality



Environmental Quality Incentives Program

- In addition, NRCS has also established national, state and local initiatives to concentrate funds on regional landscape-level resource concerns:
 - Sage Grouse
 - Organic transition
 - Energy conservation
 - Salmon recovery
 - National air quality
 - National water quality
 - Tribal Initiatives

- Originally funded in 2012 as a national EQIP initiative.
 - States were instructed to reserve a minimum of 5% of their general EQIP allocation to target water quality concerns. For CA, this represented \$2.578 million.
 - At least 1, but not more than 3 HUC-12 watersheds were to be selected for funding (CA received a waiver to allow 5 HUC-12's).
 - In California, NRCS solicited recommendations from the State Water Board and EPA.



- Selection Criteria
 - HUC-12 watersheds with 303d impairments related to nutrients (including low DO, algal growth and ammonia), and sediment (including turbidity)
 - Existing partnership monitoring efforts, including baseline data, necessary to evaluate success.
 - Potential to delist impaired water body.
 - NRCS would also make an assessment of the level of landowner participation.
 - ILRP was instrumental in meeting many of the criteria



- Core and Supporting Practices
 - Core (partial list) required to be offered
 - Cover Crops
 - Contour Buffer Strips
 - Residue & Tillage Management
 - Conservation Cover
 - Field Borders
 - Filter Strips
 - Grassed Waterways
 - Sediment Control Basins
 - Nutrient Management
 - Irrigation Water Management

- Core and Supporting Practices
 - Supporting optional
 - Structure for Water Control
 - Livestock Watering Facility
 - Access Road
 - Stream Crossing
 - Spring Development
 - Roof Runoff Structure
 - Waste Treatment Lagoon
 - Micro-irrigation



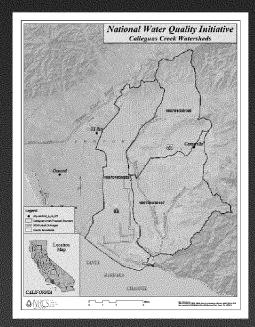


- Ranking and Evaluation Criteria
 - Proximity to 303d listed water bodies.
 - Percentage of treated acres within the watershed boundaries (>75 percent), and use of core practices.
 - Core practices being applied within a non-USDA water quality project area that addresses similar pollutants.
 - Soil hydrologic group (D high runoff, or A high infiltration).



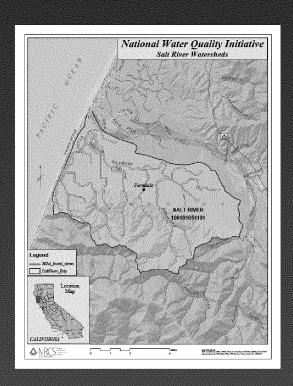


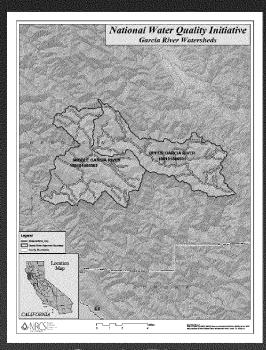
2012 HUC-12 Watersheds



Calleguas Creek Ventura County

Salt River **Humboldt County**

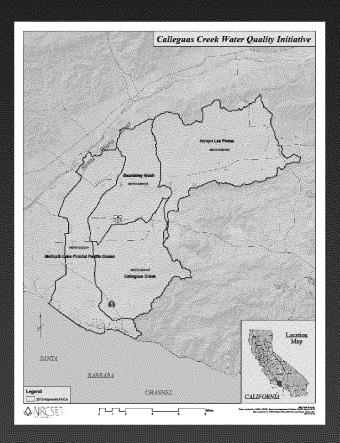




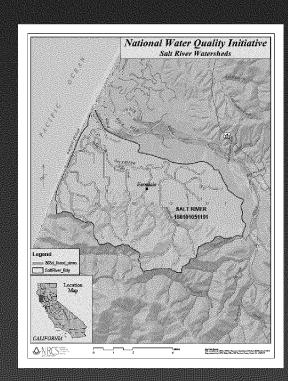
Garcia River Mendocino County



2013 HUC-12 Watersheds



Calleguas Creek Ventura County



Salt River
Humboldt County





Program Delivery: NRCS Implementation

- Program funding is an annual appropriation. All funds need to be obligated to landowner contracts within the federal fiscal year.
- · Applications are accepted on a continuous basis, but established cutoff dates are used to make funding decision.
- Applicants are screened and ranked according to program objectives and the level of environmental benefits to be gained.
- Once applicants are selected for funding, they can begin applying practices outlined in a schedule of implementation. Most contracts are written for 2-3 year implementation schedules.





2012 Progress Summary

- Total of \$2,595,744 has been obligated to 26 landowner contracts.
 - Calleguas Creek 386 acres
 - Garcia River 23,900 acres
 - 4,213 acres - Salt River
- Practices Funded
 - Calleguas (cropland) Irrigation reservoirs, underground outlets, nutrient management, irrigation water management, grade stabilization structures.
 - Garcia (forestland) Access roads, stream crossings, structures for water control.
 - Salt (forestland, dairy, pasture) Access roads, roof runoff structures, stream crossings, structures for water control.

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service



Heavy Use Protection and Roof Runoff Structures protect areas of concentrated livestock use and direct runoff to off-site protected areas.



Access Road
Renovation and Culvert



Stream Crossing







Questions?

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